

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

### SECTION 1) CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND SUPPLIER'S IDENTIFICATION

**CAS Number:** 10043-52-4

Product Name: Calcium Chloride, Flakes

 Revision Date:
 Apr 16, 2018
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 1.1
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Manufacturer's Name: Thames River Chemical Corp.

Address: 5230 Harvester Road Burlington, ON, CA, L7L 4X4

Emergency Phone: CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300

**Information Phone Number:** 905-681-5353 **Fax:** 905-681-5377

Product/Recommended Uses: For laboratory or industrial use only.

# **SECTION 2) HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

### Classification

Eye Irritation - Category 2

#### **Pictograms**



# Signal Word

Warning

### **Hazard Statements - Health**

Causes serious eye irritation

### **Precautionary Statements - General**

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Keep out of reach of children.

Read label before use.

### **Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

Wash thoroughly/Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

# **Precautionary Statements - Response**

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

# **Precautionary Statements - Storage**

No precautionary statement available.

# **Precautionary Statements - Disposal**

No precautionary statement available.

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### **Physical Hazards Not Otherwise Classified**

No Data Available

#### **Health Hazards Not Otherwise Classified**

No Data Available

### **SECTION 3) COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

CAS Chemical Name % By Weight

0010043-52-4 CALCIUM CHLORIDE 100%

## **SECTION 4) FIRST-AID MEASURES**

### Inhalation

Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

### **Eye Contact**

Rinse eyes cautiously with lukewarm, gently flowing water for several minutes, while holding the eyelids open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for a duration of 15-20 minutes or until medical aid is available. If irritation occurs, cautiously rinse eyes with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 5 minutes, while holding the eyelids open. Call a physician or poison control centre.

#### **Skin Contact**

Take off contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g. watchbands, belts). Rinse/wash with lukewarm, gently flowing water and mild soap for 5 minutes or until product is removed. If skin irritation occurs or you feel unwell: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use or discard.

### Ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs naturally, lie on your side, in the recovery position. Get medical advice/attention.

### Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Both Acute and Delayed

No Data Available

# Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

No Data Available

### **SECTION 5) FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

### Suitable Extinguishing Media

Recommended: Water spray in large quantities to extinguish combustible packages Not recommended: Foam, extinguishing powder, steam, inert gases

### **Unsuitable Extinguishing Media**

Do not use straight stream of water.

# Specific Hazards in Case of Fire

The substance is not flammable and not explosive.

### **Fire-fighting Procedures**

For large fires (caused by packing ignition) use large quantities of water spray. Waste resulting from fire extinguishing must be treated as dangerous waste according to legislation in force. Isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

### **Special Protective Actions**

Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.

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### **SECTION 6) ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

# **Emergency Procedure**

Isolate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel away. Stay uphill and/or upstream. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled materials unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering.

#### **Recommended Equipment**

Wear chemical protective clothing.

### **Personal Precautions**

Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid contact with skin, eye or clothing.

#### **Environmental Precautions**

Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems and natural waterways by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers. Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later disposal.

### Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning up

Small spillages can be removed by washing with water. Absorb Liquids in vermiculite, dry sand, earth, or similar inert material and deposit in sealed containers for disposal.

### **SECTION 7) HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### General

Wash hands after use. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Do not breathe vapors or mists. Use good personal hygiene practices. Eating, drinking and smoking in work areas is prohibited. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Eyewash stations and showers should be available in areas where this material is used and stored All containers must be properly labelled.

Avoid package degradation during handling.

### **Ventilation Requirements**

Use only with adequate ventilation to control air contaminants to their exposure limits.

### **Storage Room Requirements**

The product will be stored and kept in the original package, tightly closed, in well vented places, away from moisture, in special arranged places. Empty container retain residue and may be dangerous.

# SECTION 8) EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### Eye protection

Wear indirect-vent, impact and splash resistant goggles when working with liquids

### **Skin Protection**

Use of gloves approved to relevant standards made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness, dexterity. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

### **Respiratory Protection**

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker, a respiratory protection program that meets or is equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 should be followed. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers.

#### **Appropriate Engineering Controls**

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value.

Chemical Name	CANsmg	CANsppm	CANtmg	CANtppm	OSHA STEL (mg/m3)	OSHA STEL (ppm)	OSHA TWA (mg/m3)	OSHA TWA (ppm)	OSHA Carcinogen	OSHA Tables (Z1, Z2, Z3)	OSHA Skin designation	ACGIH STEL (mg/m3)

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No applicable chemical	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Chemical Name	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	ACGIH TWA (mg/m3)	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	ACGIH TLV Basis	ACGIH Carcinogen	ACGIH Notations						
No applicable chemical	-	-	-	-	-	-						

# **SECTION 9) PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

### **Physical and Chemical Properties**

Density 17.94 lb/gal Specific Gravity 2.15

Appearance flocons blancs irréguliers
Odor Description none
Odor Threshold N/A
pH 7 - 9
Melting Point 782 °C
Low Boiling Point 1600 °C
High Boiling Point N/A

Flash Point ne brûle pas
Vapor Pressure negligable
Vapor Density solid substance

Evaporation Rate N/A
Upper Explosion Level N/A
Lower Explosion Level N/A
Water Solubility (20°C) 745 g/l

Coefficient Water/Oil Log P(oct) = 0.05 (estimé)

Viscosity-Dynamic 3.0 mPa.s

# **SECTION 10) STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

### Reactivity

The product reacts with strong oxidizing agents and with alkaline substances (bases). Store and transport the product separate from incompatible substances.

### Stability

This product is stable under normal handling and storing conditions.

### **Conditions to Avoid**

Store keep and transport the product away from moisture and weather conditions.

# **Hazardous Reactions/Polymerization**

Attention: For the preparation of water solutions from solid calcium chloride put the solid (gradually) into the water! Dilution of solid product in water is strongly exothermic.

### **Incompatible Materials**

Strong acids: sulfuric acid, phosphoric acid

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### **Hazardous Decomposition Products**

No Data Available

# **SECTION 11) TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### Likely Route of Exposure

Inhalation, ingestion, skin absorption

### **Acute Toxicity**

LC 50 oral rat: 2301 mg/kg body LD 50 dermal rabbit: > 5000 mg/kg body LC 50 inhalation rat: 40-160 mg/m^3

### **Aspiration Hazard**

No Data Available

### Carcinogenicity

No Data Available

# **Germ Cell Mutagenicity**

No Data Available

### **Reproductive Toxicity**

No Data Available

### Respiratory/Skin Sensitization

No Data Available

### Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Causes serious eye irritation

### Skin Corrosion/Irritation

No Data Available

# **Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure**

No Data Available

# **Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure**

No Data Available

# **SECTION 12) ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### **Toxicity**

Acute toxicity tests for aquatic organisms:

LC50 / 96h / fish (fresh water, Pimephales promelas) = 4630 mg/l

LC50 / 48h / invertebrates (fresh water, Daphnia magna) = 2400 mg/l

LC50 / 72h / algae (fresh water, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) = 2900 mg/l

Chronic toxicity test for aquatic organisms:

EC16 / EC50 / invertebrates (fresh water, Daphnia magna) = 320 mg/l

# **Mobility in Soil**

Calcium chloride is dissociated into calcium and chloride ions and chloride ions will not adsorb on particulate matter. The calcium ion may bind to particulate matter or may form stable inorganic salts with sulphate and carbonate ions, but calcium is naturally present in soil. Therefore, exposure of the soil compartment is unlikely.

### **Bio-accumulative Potential**

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Does not bioaccumulate or bioconcentrate.

### **Persistence and Degradability**

No Data Available

### Other Adverse Effects

No Data Available

# **SECTION 13) DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

### **Waste Disposal**

Empty Containers retain product residue which may exhibit hazards of material, therefore do not pressurize, cut, glaze, weld or use for any other purposes. It is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets local criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with national, provincial and local laws.

# **SECTION 14) TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

### **Transport Canada Information**

UN number: Not Regulated Proper shipping name: N/A

Hazard class: N/A
Packaging group: N/A

#### **U.S. DOT Information**

UN number: Not Regulated Proper shipping name: N/A

Hazard class: N/A
Packaging group: N/A

### **SECTION 15) REGULATORY INFORMATION**

CAS	Chemical Name	% By Weight	Regulation List
0010043-52-4	CALCIUM CHLORIDE	100%	DSL,TSCA,EU_EC_Inventory - EC Inventory

# **SECTION 16) OTHER INFORMATION**

### **Glossary**

ACGIH- American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ANSI- American National Standards Institute; Canadian TDG-Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods; CANsmg or CANsppm - Canadian Short Term Exposure Level in mg/L or in ppm; CANtmg or CANtppm - Canadian Time Weighted Average in mg/L or in ppm; CAS- Chemical Abstract Service; Chemtrec- Chemical Transportation Emergency Center(US); CHIP- Chemical Hazard Information and Packaging; DSL- Domestic Substances List; EC- Equivalent Concentration; EH40 (UK)- HSE Guidance Note EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits; EPCRA- Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act; ESL Effects screening levels; HMIS- Hazardous Material Information Service; LC- Lethal Concentration; LD- Lethal Dose; NFPA- National Fire Protection Association; OEL- Occupational Exposure Limits; OSHA- Occupational Safety and Health

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Administration, US Department of Labor; PEL- Permissible Exposure Limit; SARA (Title III)- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SARA 313- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, Section 313; SCBA- Self Contained Breathing Apparatus; STEL-Short Term Exposure Limit; TCEQ Texas Commission on Environmental Quality; TLV- Threshold Limit Value; TSCA- Toxic Substances Control Act Public Law 94-469; TWA Time Weighted Value; US DOT- US Department of Transportation; WHMIS- Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.

### Version 1.1:

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